

# Mathematics 10D

## 4.5 – Factoring Special Cases

Mr. D. Hagen

## Differences of Squares

$$\begin{aligned} & (2x - 5)(2x + 5) \\ &= 4x^2 + \underbrace{10x - 10x} - 25 \\ &= 4x^2 - 25 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & 9x^2 - 49 \\ & (3x - 7)(3x + 7) \end{aligned}$$

$$1) x^2 - 9$$

$$(x-3)(x+3)$$

$$2) 4x^2 - 25$$

$$(2x-5)(2x+5)$$

$$3) 7k^2 - 252$$

$$= 7(k^2 - 36)$$

$$= 7(k-6)(k+6)$$

$$4) 640x^2 - 490$$

$$= 10(64x^2 - 49)$$

$$= 10(8x-7)(8x+7)$$

## Perfect Squares

$$\begin{aligned} & (3x - 5)^2 \\ &= (3x - 5)(3x - 5) \\ &= 9x^2 - 15x - 15x + 25 \\ &= 9x^2 - 30x + 25 \end{aligned}$$

$$2(3x)(5) = 2(15x) = 30x$$

$$\begin{array}{r} (2x - 7)^2 \\ 4x^2 - 28x + 49 \\ \hline (4x + 3)^2 \\ = 16x^2 + 24x + 9 \\ \downarrow \quad \swarrow \quad \searrow \quad \downarrow \\ 4 \quad \quad \quad 3 \end{array}$$

$$5) \frac{16n^2}{4} - 40n + \frac{25}{5}$$

$$= (4n - 5)^2$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \textcircled{\times} 400 \\ \textcircled{+} -40 \end{array}$$

$$\textcircled{-20, -20}$$

$$6) \frac{49n^2}{7} - 28n + \frac{4}{2}$$

$$= (7n - 2)^2$$

$$7) \frac{16r^2}{4} + \frac{51r}{3} + \frac{9}{3}$$

not a P.S.

$$\begin{array}{l} \textcircled{\times} 144 \\ \textcircled{+} 51 \end{array}$$

$$8) 125x^2 + 200x + 80$$

$$= 5(25x^2 + 40x + 16)$$

$$= 5(5x + 4)^2$$