

# Mathematics 10D

## Q.07 – Solving By Factoring

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Factor, then solve!

$$x^2 + 10x + 21 = 0$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \textcircled{x} \ 21 \\ \textcircled{+} \ 10 \end{array} \quad \textcircled{3, 7}$$

$$\begin{array}{cc} (x+3)(x+7) = 0 \\ \uparrow \quad \uparrow \\ -3 \quad -7 \end{array}$$

$x = -3$  and  $x = -7$  are the solutions.

Factor to solve another!

$$20x^2 - 14x - 24 = 0$$

~~$$2(10x^2 - 7x - 12) = 0$$~~

$$10x^2 - 7x - 12 = 0$$

$$\underbrace{10x^2 - 15x}_{5x} + \underbrace{8x - 12}_4 = 0$$

$$(5x + 4)(2x - 3) = 0$$

$\uparrow$                        $\uparrow$   
 $-\frac{4}{5}$                        $+\frac{3}{2}$

$$\textcircled{x} - 120$$

$$\textcircled{+} - 7$$

$$1, -120$$

$$2, -60$$

$$3, -40$$

$$4, -30$$

$$5, -24$$

$$6, 20$$

$$8, -15$$

$x = -\frac{4}{5}$  and  $x = \frac{3}{2}$  are the zeros

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Simplify, then factor to solve.

$$2x^2 - 11x - 4 = 2$$

$$2x^2 - 11x - 6 = 0$$

$$(x) - 12$$

$$(1) - 11$$

$$-12, +1$$

$$\frac{2x^2 - 12x}{2x} + \frac{1x - 6}{+1} = 0$$

$$(2x + 1)(x - 6) = 0$$

$\uparrow$   $\uparrow$   
 $-\frac{1}{2}$   $6$

$x = -\frac{1}{2}$  and  $x = 6$  are the two solutions

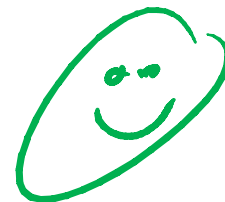
$$2x^2 - 11x - 4 = 2$$

$$2/6)^2 - 11/6) - 4 = 2$$

$$72 - 66 - 4 = 2$$

$$2 = 2$$

✓✓



Whoah! What's this?!?

$$36x^2 - 174x + 18 = -6x^2 - 6$$

$$42x^2 - 174x + 24 = 0$$

$$7x^2 - 29x + 4 = 0 \quad \begin{matrix} \textcircled{x} & 28 & -28, -1 \\ \textcircled{+} & -29 & \end{matrix}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 7x^2 - 28x \\ \hline 7x \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} -1x + 4 \\ \hline -1 \end{array}$$

$$(7x - 1)(x - 4) = 0$$

$\uparrow \quad \uparrow$   
 $x = \frac{1}{7} \quad x = 4$

$$\begin{aligned} 36x^2 - 174x + 18 &= -6x^2 - 6 \\ 36(4)^2 - 174(4) + 18 &= -6(4)^2 - 6 \\ 576 - 696 + 18 &= -96 - 6 \\ -102 &= -102 \end{aligned}$$