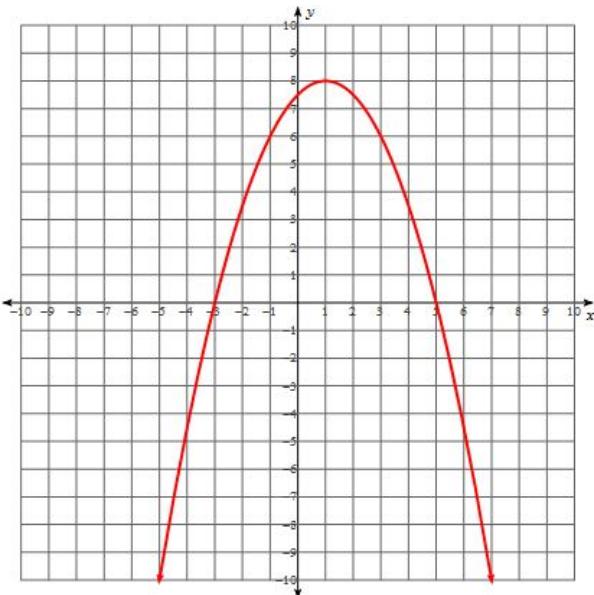


1. From the graph below, identify the y-intercept, zeros, vertex, axis of symmetry, and max/min value.



y-int:  $y = 7.5$

Zeros:  $x = -3$

$x = 5$   $(5, 0)$

vertex:  $(1, 8)$

AoS:  $x = 1$

Max: 8

2. State the equation of the above parabola in either vertex or zeros form.

Zeros:

$$y = a(x - r)(x - s)$$

$$8 = a(1 + 3)(1 - 5)$$

$$8 = a(4)/(-4)$$

$$\frac{8}{-16} = a$$

$$-\frac{1}{2} = a \quad y = -\frac{1}{2}(x+3)(x-5)$$

vertex:

$$y = a(x - h)^2 + k$$

$$0 = a(5 - 1)^2 + 8$$

$$-8 = a(4)^2$$

$$-8 = a(16)$$

$$-\frac{8}{16} = a$$

$$y = -\frac{1}{2}(x - 1)^2 + 8$$

3. Expand to standard form:

a)  $f(x) = -3(x+4)(x-7)$

$$f(x) = -3(x^2 - 3x - 28)$$

$$f(x) = -3x^2 + 9x + 84$$

b)  $g(x) = 5(x+3)^2 - 12$

$$g(x) = 5(x^2 + 6x + 9) - 12$$

$$g(x) = 5x^2 + 30x + 45 - 12$$

$$g(x) = 5x^2 + 30x + 33$$

4. State the max/min value of each:

a)  $f(x) = -5(x-3)^2 + 7$

Max of  $\nearrow$

b)  $f(x) = \underbrace{4x^2}_{4x} - 24x + 29$

$$f(x) = 4x(x-6) + 29$$

$\uparrow$        $\uparrow$   
 $x=0$      $x=6$

$$\Delta_{\text{os}} = h = \frac{0+6}{2} = 3$$

: M.h of  
 $\searrow$

$$k = f(3) = 4(3)^2 - 24(3) + 29$$

$$= 36 - 72 + 29 = -7$$

5. Simplify, add or multiply the following radicals:

a)  $3\sqrt{98}$

$$= 3\sqrt{49}\sqrt{2}$$

$$= 3(7)\sqrt{2}$$

$$= 21\sqrt{2}$$

c)  $2\sqrt{8} + 3\sqrt{50}$

$$= 2\cancel{\sqrt{4}}^2\sqrt{2} + 3\cancel{\sqrt{25}}^5\sqrt{2}$$

$$= 4\sqrt{2} + 15\sqrt{2}$$

$$= 19\sqrt{2}$$

e)  $(2\sqrt{3} + 3\sqrt{6})(\sqrt{3} - 5\sqrt{6})$

$$= 2\cancel{\sqrt{9}}^3\sqrt{2} - 10\sqrt{18} + 3\sqrt{18} - 15\cancel{\sqrt{36}}^6$$

$$= 6 - 7\sqrt{18} - 90$$

$$= -84 - 7\cancel{\sqrt{9}}^3\sqrt{2}$$

$$= -84 - 21\sqrt{2}$$

b)  $-4\sqrt{300x^5}$

$$= -4\sqrt{100x^4}\sqrt{3x}$$

$$= -4(10x^2)\sqrt{3x}$$

$$= -40x^2\sqrt{3x}$$

d)  $3\sqrt{6} \times 5\sqrt{10}$

$$= 15\sqrt{60}$$

$$= 15\cancel{\sqrt{4}}^2\sqrt{15}$$

$$= 30\sqrt{15}$$

More practice

Pg 170 # 3, 4, 5, 6, 7,

13, 14