

Mathematics 11U

2.7 – Adding and Subtracting Rational Expressions

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$$\frac{2}{5} + \frac{5}{6} = \frac{2(6)}{5(6)} + \frac{5(5)}{6(5)}$$

$$= \frac{12}{30} + \frac{25}{30}$$

$$= \frac{37}{30}$$

$$\frac{3}{8x^2} + \frac{1}{4x} - \frac{5}{6x^3}$$

$$24x^3$$

$$\frac{3(3x)}{24x^3} + \frac{1(6x^2)}{24x^3} - \frac{5(4)}{24x^3}$$

$$\frac{9x + 6x^2 - 20}{24x^3}$$

$$\frac{6x^2 + 9x - 20}{24x^3}$$

$$\{x \neq 0\}$$

$$\left(\frac{3x}{2x+1} + \frac{4}{x-3} \right)$$

$\underbrace{\hspace{1.5cm}}_{-\frac{1}{2}} \quad \underbrace{\hspace{1.5cm}}_3$

$$= \frac{3x(x-3)}{(2x+1)(x-3)} + \frac{4(2x+1)}{(2x+1)(x-3)}$$

$$= \frac{3x^2 - 9x + 8x + 4}{(2x+1)(x-3)}$$

$$= \frac{3x^2 - x + 4}{(2x+1)(x-3)}$$

$$\{x \neq -\frac{1}{2}, 3\}$$

$$\frac{2x}{x^2 - 1} - \frac{x + 2}{x^2 + 3x - 4}$$

$$= \frac{2x}{\underbrace{(x+1)(x-1)}_{\substack{-1 \quad 1}}} - \frac{x+2}{\underbrace{(x-4)(x+1)}_4}$$

$$= \frac{2x \text{ (x-4)}}{(x+1)(x-1) \text{ (x-4)}} - \overset{\textcolor{green}{(x^2+x-2)}}{\nearrow} \frac{(x+2) \text{ (x-1)}}{(x-4)(x+1) \text{ (x-1)}}$$

$$= \frac{2x^2 - 8x - x^2 - x + 2}{(x+1)(x-1)(x-4)} = \frac{x^2 - 9x + 2}{(x+1)(x-1)(x-4)}$$

$$\{x \neq -1, 1, 4\}$$

$$\frac{2}{3} - \frac{4}{7} \div \frac{9}{14}$$

$$= \frac{2}{3} - \frac{4}{\cancel{7}_1} \times \frac{\cancel{14}^2}{9}$$

$$= \frac{2^{(3)}}{3^{(3)}} - \frac{8}{9}$$

$$= \frac{6}{9} - \frac{8}{9}$$

$$= \frac{-2}{9}$$

$$\frac{x+1}{x^2+5x+6} - \frac{3x+12}{x^2-4} \div \frac{x^2+7x+12}{x^2+4x+4}$$

$$= \frac{x+1}{(x+2)(x+3)} - \frac{3(\cancel{x+4})}{(x-2)(\cancel{x+2})} \times \frac{(x+2)(\cancel{x+2})}{(x+3)(\cancel{x+4})}$$

$$= \frac{(x+1)(x-2)}{(x+2)(x+3)(x-2)} - \frac{3(x+2)(x+2)}{(x-2)(x+3)(x+2)}$$

$$= \frac{x^2-x-2}{(x+2)(x+3)(x-2)} - \frac{(3x^2+12x+12)}{(x-2)(x+3)(x+2)}$$

$$= \frac{-2x^2-13x-14}{(x+2)(x+3)(x-2)} \quad \{x \neq -4, -3, -2, 2\}$$