

$$\frac{4n^2 \cdot 3n^2}{4n^4}$$

$$= \frac{12n^4}{4n^4}$$

$$= 3 = 81$$

- Question numbers  Show answers  
 Directions  Changing questions hides answers  
 Lines Zoom:

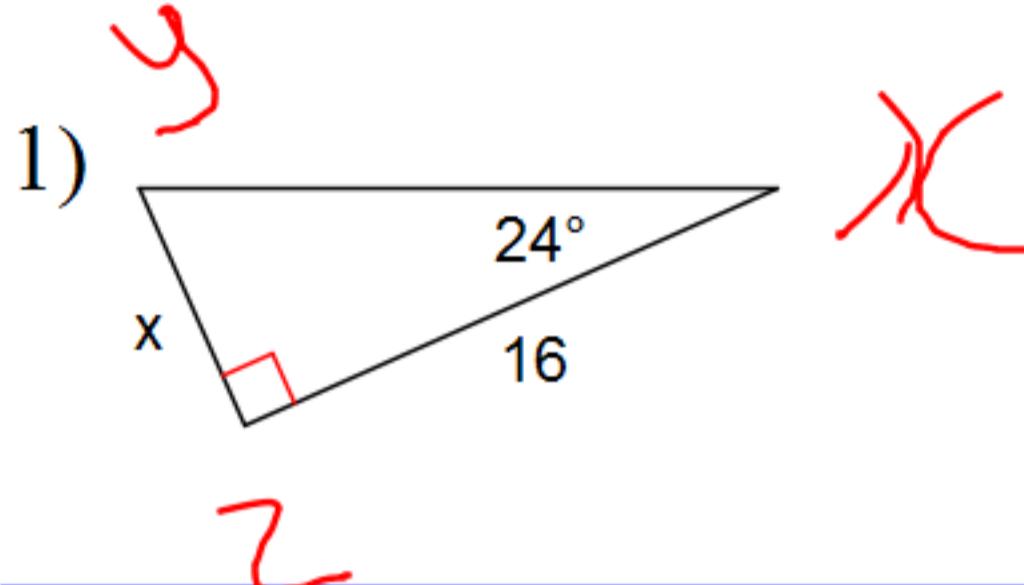
More like these

 ←

Jump

 →1-up 

Solve the triangles. All sides and all angles. Round to the nearest tenth.



$$\begin{aligned} \angle x &= 24^\circ x = 7.1 \\ \angle y &= 66^\circ y = 16 \\ \angle z &= 90^\circ z = \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 180 - (90 + 24) & \tan x = 0 \\ = 180 - (114) & \qquad \qquad \qquad A \\ = 66 & \tan 24^\circ = x \\ & \qquad \qquad \qquad T \qquad \qquad \qquad B \end{aligned}$$

$$x = 7.1$$

$$16 \tan 24^\circ = x$$

Question numbers  Show answers  
 Directions  Changing questions hides answers  
 Lines Zoom:

More like these

←

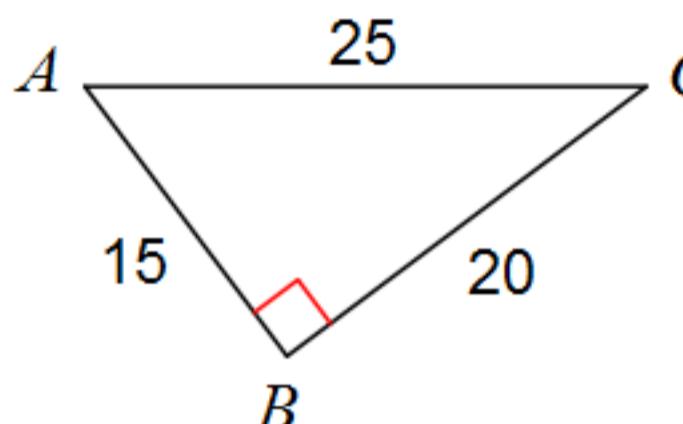
Jump

→

1-up ▾

Find the value of each trigonometric ratio to the nearest ten-thousandth.

25)  $\cos C$



- A) 0.6000      B) 0.8000  
C) 1.3333      D) 1.2500

SOHCAHTOA

$$\cos C = \frac{a}{h}$$

$$\cos C = \frac{20}{25}$$

- Question numbers    Show answers  
 Directions    Changing questions hides answers  
 Lines   Zoom:

More like these



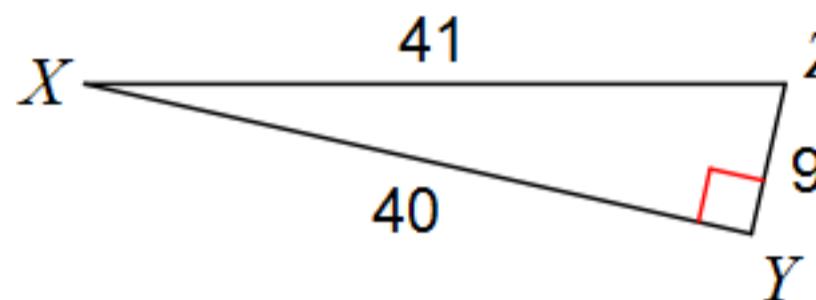
Jump



1-up

Find the value of each trigonometric ratio to the nearest ten-thousandth.

$$17) \sin X = \frac{\text{O}}{\text{H}}$$



$$\sin X = \frac{9}{41}$$



Filter  Index Order

Absolute value  
Complex numbers  
Equations, graphing  
Equations, solving  
Inequalities  
Angles  
Arc length  
Coterminal  
Measures of  
Quadrants  
Reference angles  
Sector area  
Sketching  
Arc length  
Area  
Heron's Formula  
Of triangles using trig.  
Arithmetic mean  
Arithmetic sequences

2.00 pages

29 questions

## Current question sets (5):

- 6 × Factoring Special Cases
- 4 × Factoring Special Cases With a Common Fa
- 6 × Factoring Quadratic Expressions (a not 1, co
- 8 × Factoring Quadratic Expressions (a not 1, co
- 5 × Solving Quadratic Equations By Factoring

Math 11C

Name \_\_\_\_\_

## Factoring Review

Factor each completely.

1)  $p^2 + 8p + 16$

$$= (p+4)(p+4)$$

~~$\times$~~  | 6  
3 | 4x<sup>2</sup> - 9  
| 4, 4

$$= (2x+3)(2x-3)$$

5)  $16n^2 - 9$

$$2) \begin{array}{c} 4m^2 + 12m + 9 \\ = (2m+3)(2m+3) \end{array}$$

4)  $x^2 - 16$

6)  $p^2 - 4$

7)  $50x^2 - 80x + 32$

8)  $n^2 + 10n + 25$

9)  $8r^2 + 40r + 50$

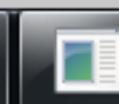
10)  $4b^2 + 20b + 25$

11)  $10m^2 - 39m + 27$

12)  $4k^2 - 21k - 18$

13)  $9b^2 + 17b + 8$

14)  $9x^2 + 41x + 20$





Filter

Index Order

Absolute value  
 Complex numbers  
 Equations, graphing  
 Equations, solving  
 Inequalities  
 Angles  
 Arc length  
 Coterminal  
 Measures of  
 Quadrants  
 Reference angles  
 Sector area  
 Sketching  
 Arc length  
 Area  
 Heron's Formula  
 Of triangles using trig.  
 Arithmetic mean  
 Arithmetic sequences

0.41 pages - +

2 questions

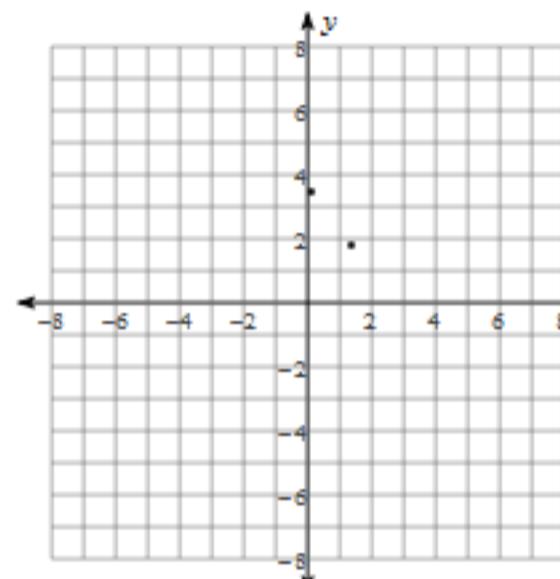
## Math 11C Exam Review

Name \_\_\_\_\_

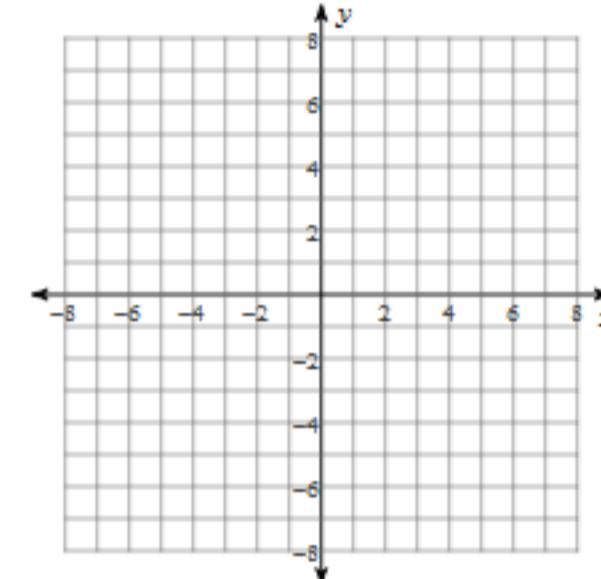
## Finding Vertex &amp; Graphing Parabola

**Identify the vertex, axis of symmetry, min/max value, and y-intercept of each., zeros (if any) Then sketch the graph.**

1)  $y = -(x - 4)^2 + 4$



2)  $y = x^2 + 4x + 3$



Current question sets (2):

- 1 × Parabolas: Graphing + Finding Properties  
 1 × Parabolas: Graphing + Finding the vertex



- Question numbers  Show answers  
 Directions  Changing questions hides answers  
 Lines  Zoom:

More like these



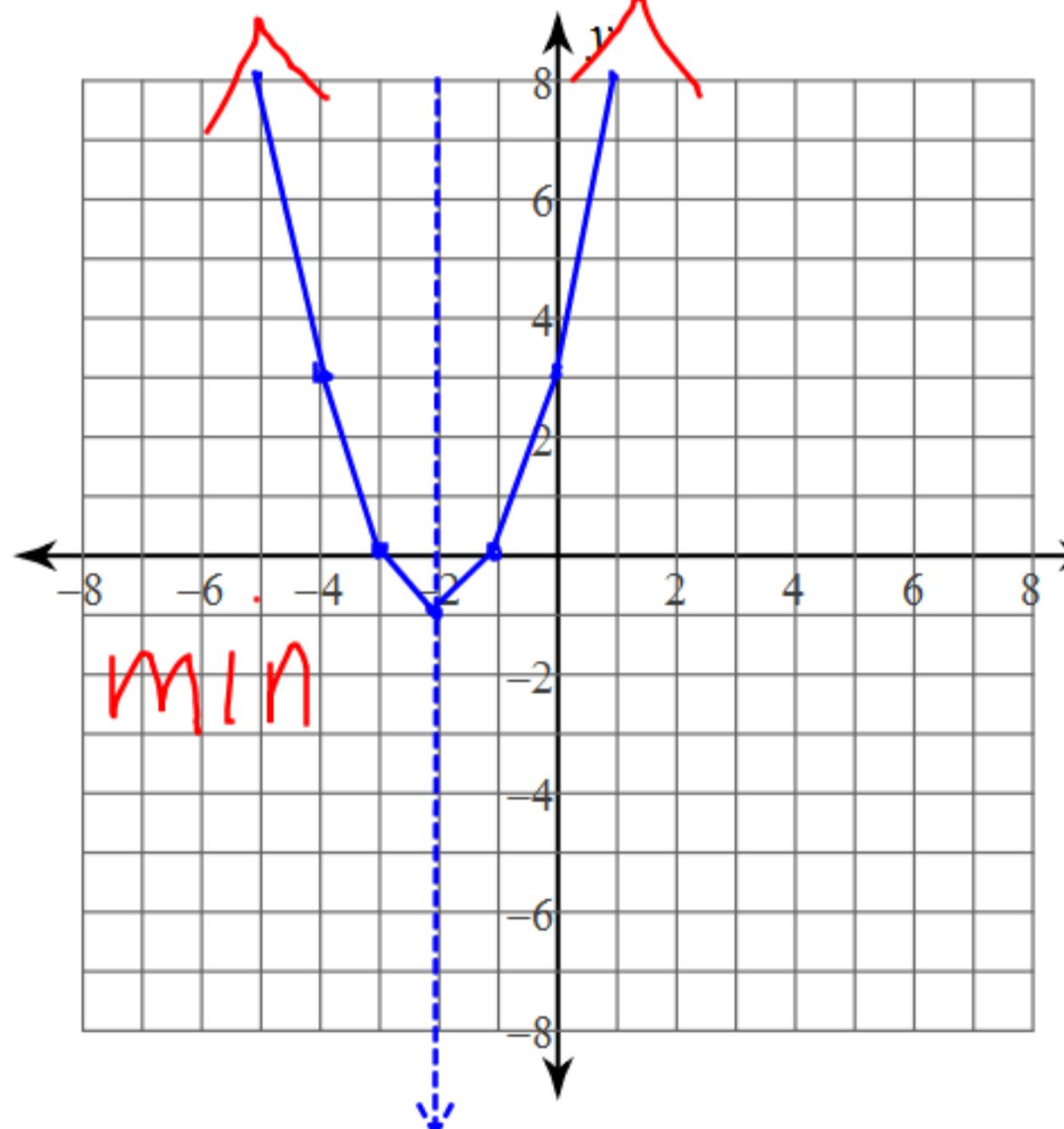
Jump



1-up

Identify the vertex, axis of symmetry, min/max value, and y-intercept of each., zeros (if any) Then sketch the graph.

2)  $y = x^2 + 4x + 3$



$$\begin{array}{r} x^2 \\ + 4 \end{array}$$

$$y = (x+1)(x+3)$$

either  $x+1=0$  or  $x+3=0$

$$x = -1 \text{ or } x = -3$$

zeros } -1, -3 }

y-intercept : (0, 3)

a or r = -2

vertex = (-2, -1)



Question numbers  Show answers  
 Directions  Changing questions hides answers  
 Lines Zoom:

More like these



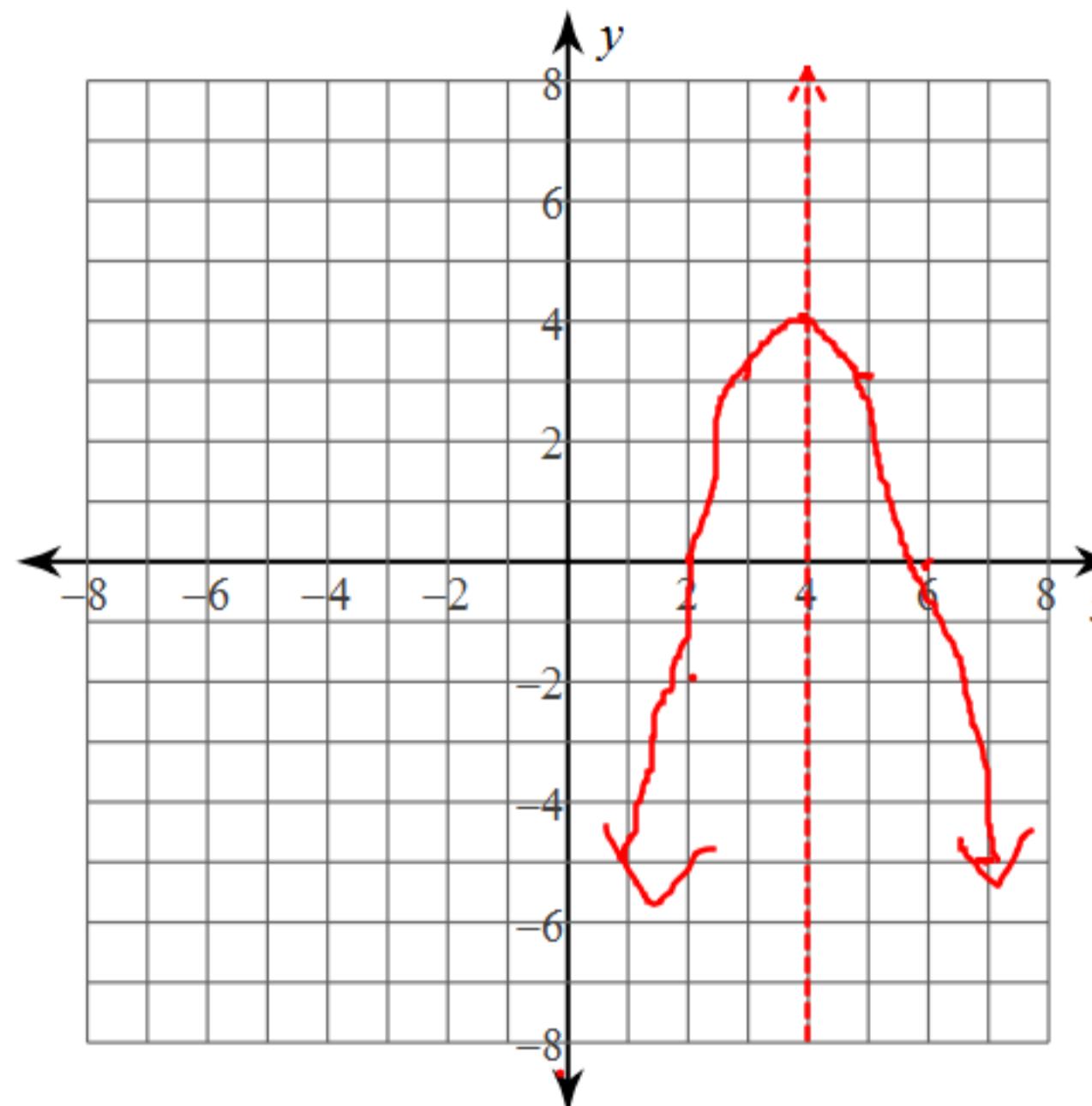
Jump



1-up

Identify the vertex, axis of symmetry, min/max value, and y-intercept of each., zeros (if any) Then sketch the graph.

1)  $y = -(x - 4)^2 + 4$



$$y = a(x-h)^2 + k$$

Vertex  $(h, k)$

$(4, 4)$

