

Oct. 16

# Adding Polynomials

$$3x + 6x = 9x$$

$$3x + 6x + 8y = 9x + 8y$$

$$3xy + 6xy + 8y = 9xy + 8y$$

# Distributive Property

$$2(x+3) = 2x+6$$

$$3x(3x+6y-2) = 9x^2 + 18yx - 6x$$

Multiplying Monomials

$$(3x)(2y) = 6xy$$

$$(-2a)(-4b) = 8ab$$

$$(-8ab)(4a) = -32a^2b$$

# Powers of Monomials

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$$(1) \quad (x)^2 = x^2$$

$$(2) \quad (a)^3 = a^3$$

$$(3) \quad (p)^5 = p^5$$

$$(4) \quad (n^2)^2 = n^2 \cdot n^2 \\ = n \cdot n \cdot n \cdot n$$

$$= n^4$$

$$(5) \quad (-t^3)^2 = (-t^3) \cdot (-t^3)$$

$$= -t \cdot -t \cdot -t \cdot -t \cdot -t \cdot -t$$

$$= (-t)^6$$

$$\textcircled{6} (-y^2)^3$$

$$= (-y^2) \cdot (-y^2) \cdot (-y^2)$$

$$= -y \cdot -y \cdot -y \cdot -y \cdot -y \cdot -y$$

$$= (-y)^6$$

$$\textcircled{7} (x^2)^3 = x^6$$

$$\textcircled{8} (y^3)^2 = y^6$$

$$\textcircled{9} (m^2)^3 = m^6$$

$$(16) \quad (-5^{10})^2 = (-5)^{20}$$

$$(28) \quad (x^2 y^2)^3$$

$$(18) \quad -(-b^0)^3 = -(-b^0)$$

$$= (x^2)^3 \cdot (y^2)^3$$

$$(19) \quad (xy)^2 = (x \cdot y) \cdot (x \cdot y)$$

$$= x^6 y^6$$

$$(21) \quad (xy)^2 = x^2 y^2$$

$$(24) \quad (-2xt)^2 = -2^2 x^2 t^2$$

$$= 4x^2 t^2$$

$$(31) (a^2 b^3)^2 = a^4 b^6$$

$$(34) (-c^3 d^4)^2 = -c^6 d^8$$

$$(37) (2x^2)^3 = 2^3 x^6 = 8x^6$$

$$(39) (4x^4)^2 = 4^2 x^8 = 16x^8$$

$$(43) (-2n^2)^3 = -8n^6$$

$$(48) -(3xy^2)^2 = -(9x^2 y^4) \\ = -9x^2 y^4$$

Anything  
with a  
zero exponent  
equals 1

$$(51) \quad (2x^2y^3)^2(x^2y)$$

$$= (4x^4y^6)(x^2y)$$

$$= 4x^6y^7$$

$$(55) \quad (10abc)^3(-2a^2bc)$$

$$= (1000a^3b^3c^3)(-2a^2bc)$$

$$= -2000a^4b^3c^3$$

Homework  
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