A∞Ω
MATH@TD

MCR3U

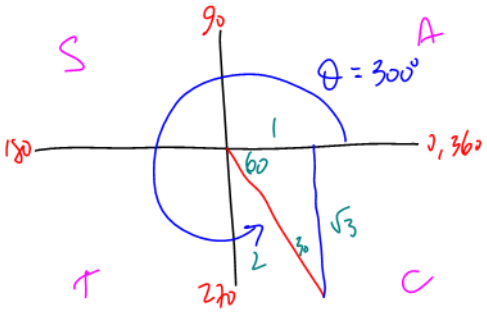
Name Solutions

Unit 5 *– Trigonometric Functions*

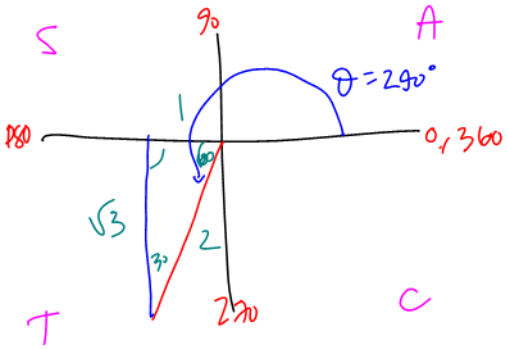
Speed Quiz (Practice 2): Angles of Rotation, Trig Ratios and Special Triangles **(No Calculators!!)**

1. Draw the **ANGLE OF ROTATION**. Determine the **RELATED ACUTE ANGLE**. Determine the trig ratios **exactly** (using SOH CAH TOA and CAST) *(1 point each)*

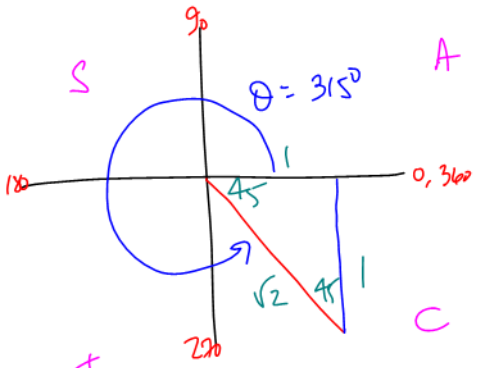
a) $\tan(300^\circ) = -\sqrt{3}$



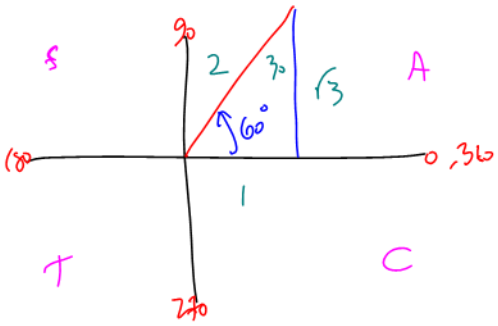
b) $\sin(240^\circ) = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$



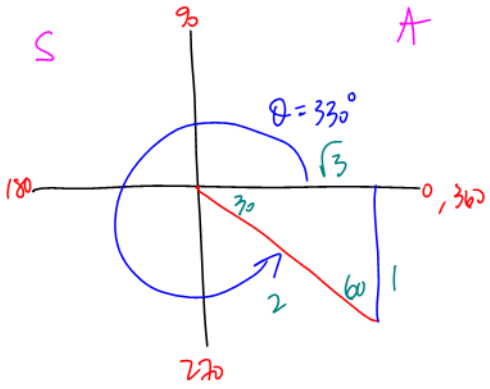
c) $\cos(315^\circ) = +\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$



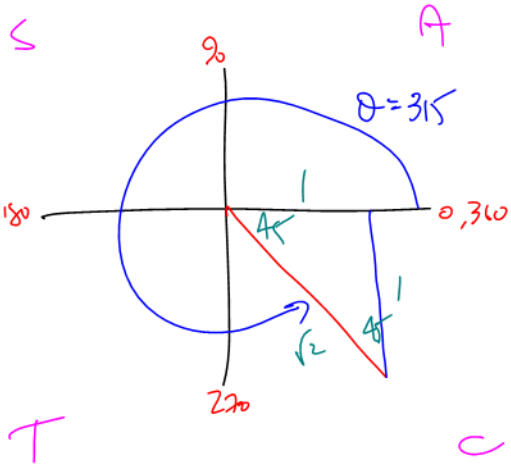
d) $\tan(60^\circ) = +\sqrt{3}$



e) $\sin(330^\circ) = -\frac{1}{2}$

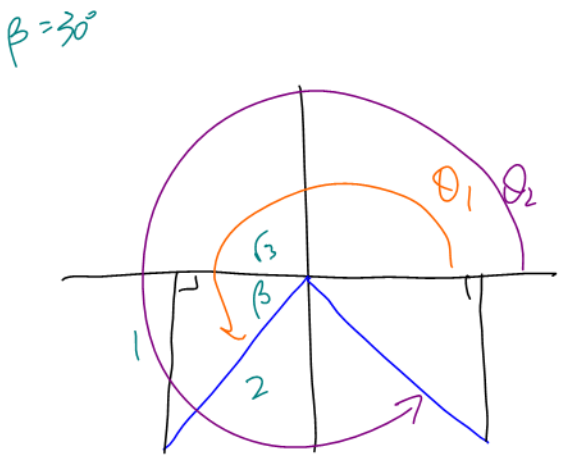


f) $\cos(315^\circ) = +\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$



2. For $\theta \in [0^\circ, 360^\circ]$, determine the angles of rotation given the trig ratio: (*2 marks each*)

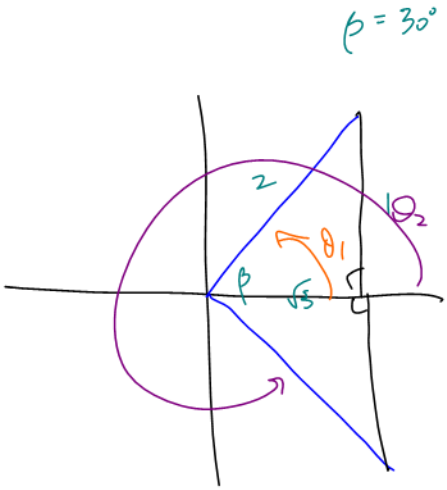
a) $\sin(\theta) = -\frac{1}{2}$ Q3, Q4



$\theta_1 = 180 + \beta$
$= 210^\circ$

$\theta_2 = 360 - \beta$
$= 330^\circ$

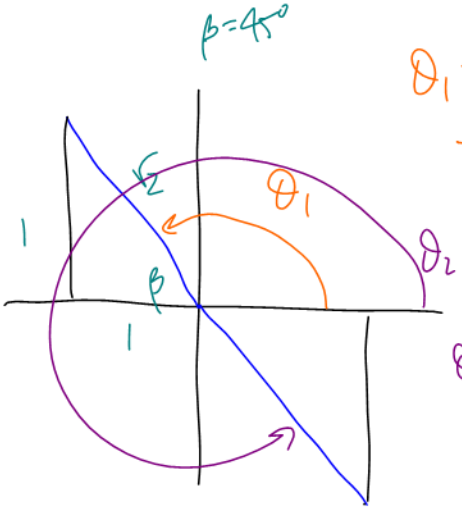
b) $\cos(\theta) = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$ Q1, Q4



$\theta_1 = 30^\circ$

$\theta_2 = 330^\circ$

c) $\tan(\theta) = -1$ Q2, Q4



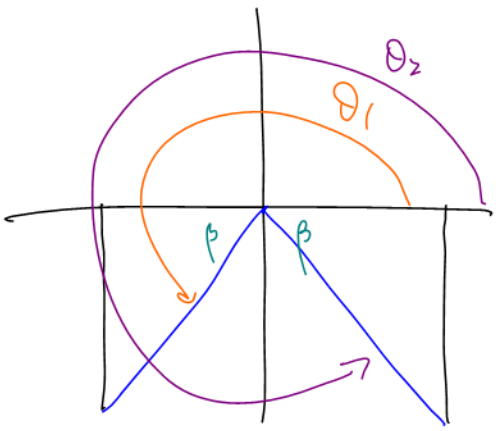
$\theta_1 = 180 - \beta$
$= 135^\circ$

$\theta_2 = 360 - \beta$
$= 360 - 45$
$= 315^\circ$

d) $\sin(\theta) = -0.3456$ Q3, Q4

$\sin(\beta) = +0.3456$

$\beta = \sin^{-1}(0.3456)$
$\doteq 20^\circ$



$\theta_1 = 180 + \beta$
$= 200^\circ$

$\theta_2 = 360 - \beta$
$= 360 - 20 = 340^\circ$