

Unit 6 – Sinusoidal Functions

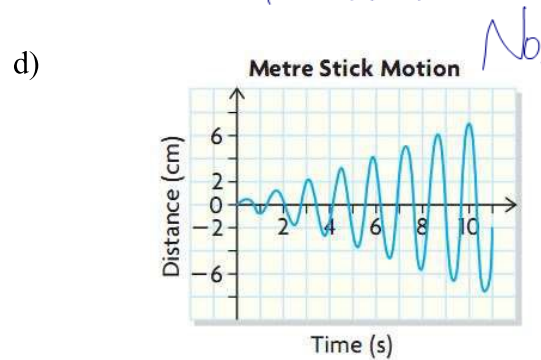
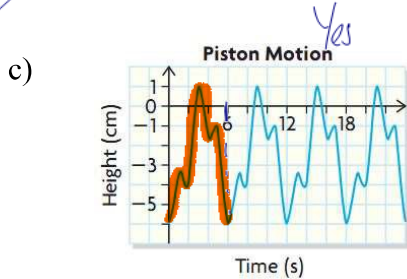
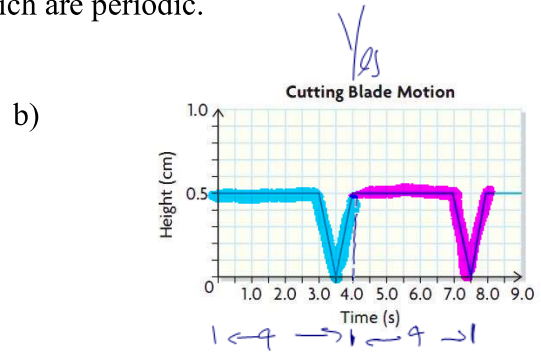
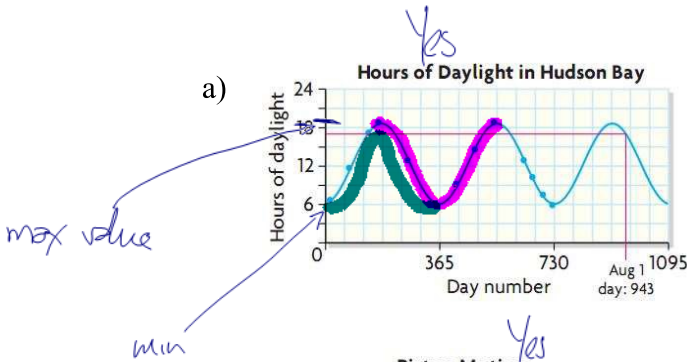
6.1 – Properties of Periodic Functions

Learning Goal: We are learning to interpret and describe graphs that repeat at regular intervals.

Definition 6.1.1

A **PERIODIC FUNCTION** is one in which *the functional values repeat* ^{y-values} in a predictable way.

e.g. Consider the following pictures: Determine which are periodic.



Definition 6.1.2

The **Period** of a periodic function is the amount of the **domain values** where **one cycle** takes place.

↳ a repeated "shape" or sketch

Example 6.1.1

Determine the periods of the above periodic functions:

a) 365 days

b) 4 seconds

c) 6 seconds

Definition 6.1.3

a) The **Amplitude** of a periodic function is half of the distance between a maximum value and a minimum value.

$$\text{Amplitude} = \frac{\text{max} - \text{min}}{2}$$

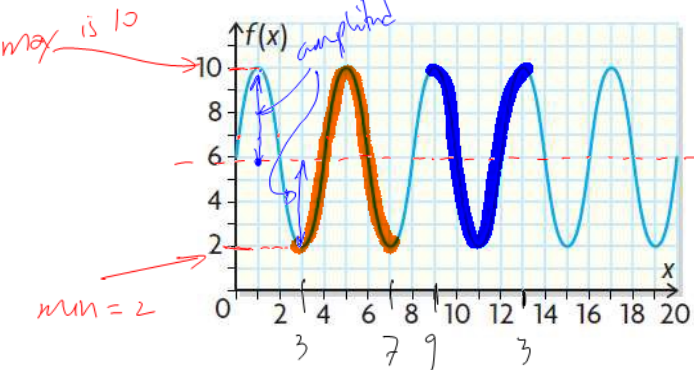
or amplitude is the distance from the central axis to a max or a min

b) The **Central Axis** is half way between the maximum value and the minimum value.

The equation of The Central Axis is given by $y = \frac{\text{max} + \text{min}}{2}$.

Example 6.1.1

Determine the range, period, equation of the axis, and amplitude of the function shown.



central

Range = $\{f(x) \in \mathbb{R} \mid 2 \leq f(x) \leq 10\}$

min ≤ f(x) ≤ max

the y-values that are a part of the f(x)

Period: $| \leftarrow P \rightarrow | \leftarrow 4 \rightarrow |$
 ↑
 distance is 4

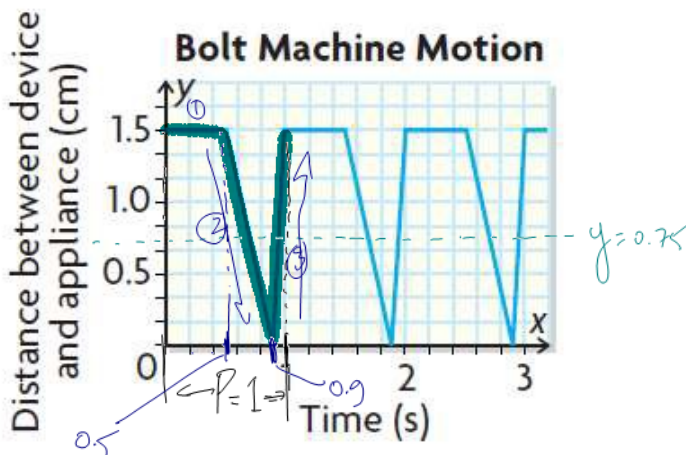
⇒ period = 4 units

C.A. $y = \frac{\text{max} + \text{min}}{2}$
 $= \frac{10 + 2}{2}$
 $y = 6$

amplitude
 $a = \frac{\text{max} - \text{min}}{2}$
 $= \frac{10 - 2}{2}$
 $= 4$

Example 6.1.2

3. The motion of an automated device for attaching bolts to a household appliance on an assembly line can be modelled by the graph shown at the left.
- What is the period of one complete cycle?
 - What is the maximum distance between the device and the appliance?
 - What is the range of this function?
 - If the device can run for five complete cycles only before it must be turned off, determine the domain of the function.
 - Determine the equation of the axis.
 - Determine the amplitude.
 - There are several parts to each complete cycle of the graph. Explain what each part could mean in the context of "attaching the bolt."



a) 1 second

b) 1.5 cm.

c) Range = $\{y \in \mathbb{R} \mid 0 \leq y \leq 1.5\}$

d) $D = \{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid 0 \leq x \leq 5\}$

e) C.A: $y = \frac{\max + \min}{2}$
 $= \frac{1.5 + 0}{2}$
 $y = 0.75$

f) $a = \frac{\max - \min}{2}$
 $= \frac{1.5 - 0}{2}$
 $= 0.75$

g) Part ① $0 \leq x \leq 0.5$ sec the machine is 'resting'

Part ② $0.5 \leq x \leq 0.9$ the machine attaches the bolt

Part ③ $0.9 \leq x \leq 1$ the machine returns to rest position.

Success Criteria:

- I can find the range, period, central axis, and amplitude of a periodic function
- I can determine IF a function is periodic