

## Unit 8 – Financial Mathematics

### 8.3 – Compound Interest and Present Value

**Learning Goal:** We are learning how to determine the present value remaining on a loan or investment.

Last day we looked at the idea of Compound Interest (Future Value). Today we continue looking at Compound Interest with a focus on Present Value.

Compound Interest Formulae:

Future Value

$$A = P(1+i)^n$$

Present Value

$$P = \frac{A}{(1+i)^n}$$

where:  $A =$  Future Value

$P =$  Present Value

$i =$  interest rate per compounding period

$n =$  total number of compounding periods

#### Example 8.3.1

You want \$10 000 in your bank account 20 years from now. Your account pays 1.8% per year, compounded annually. What is the amount of money you have to deposit today? present

Given	Want
$A = 10\ 000$	$P$
$i = \frac{0.018}{1}$	
$n = (1)(20)$	

$$P = \frac{A}{(1+i)^n} = \frac{10\ 000}{(1.018)^{20}} = \$6\ 999.14$$

$\therefore$  You need to deposit \$6999.14 today

#### Example 8.3.2

You want to buy a house at 30 years old (14 years from now). You estimate that you will need a down payment of \$450 000. You find a bond which matures in 14 years paying 3.6% interest compounded monthly. How much do you need to invest in the bond today?

Given	Want
$A = 450\ 000$	$P$
$i = \frac{0.036}{12}$	
$= 0.003$	
$n = (12)(14)$	
$= 168$	

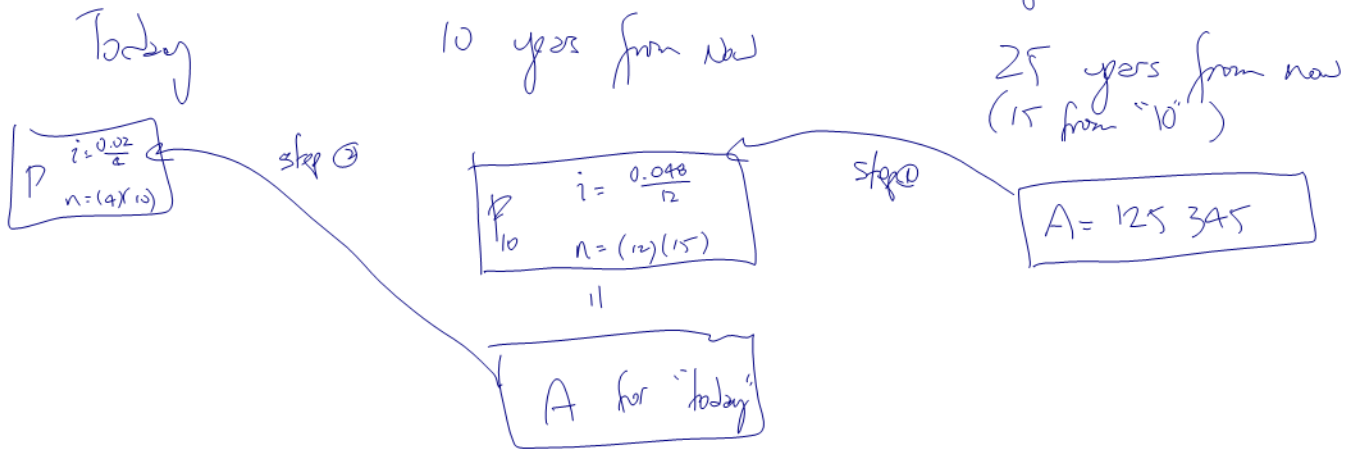
$$P = \frac{A}{(1+i)^n} = \frac{450\ 000}{(1.003)^{168}}$$

$$= \$272\ 054.41$$

$\therefore$  I need " in the bank today.

### Example 8.3.3

Today Henry invests some money in an account which pays 2% compounded quarterly. 10 years from now he takes the money in his account and reinvests it in an account which pays 4.8% compounded monthly. After an additional 15 years ~~Scott~~ Henry has \$125,345 in his account. How much did he originally invest?



Step 1

Given	Want
$A = 125,345$	$P_{10}$
$i = \frac{0.048}{12} = 0.004$	
$n = (12)(10) = 120$	

$$P_{10} = \frac{A}{(1+i)^n}$$

$$= \frac{125,345}{(1.004)^{120}}$$

$$= \$61,099.65$$

Step 2

Given	Want
$A = 61,099.65$	$P$
$i = \frac{0.02}{4} = 0.005$	
$n = (4)(10) = 40$	

$$P = \frac{A}{(1+i)^n}$$

$$= \frac{61,099.65}{(1.005)^{40}}$$

$$= \$50,099.10$$

#### Success Criteria:

- I can use the Present Value formula to solve various financial problems
- I can calculate the total interest earned/paid by taking  $A - P$ .