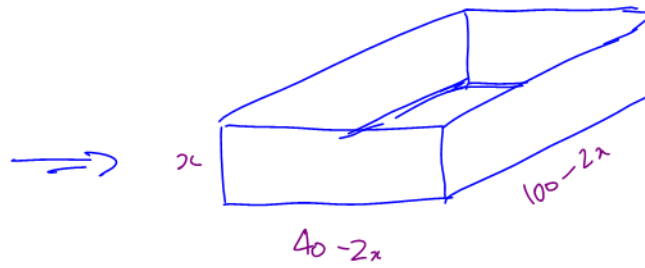
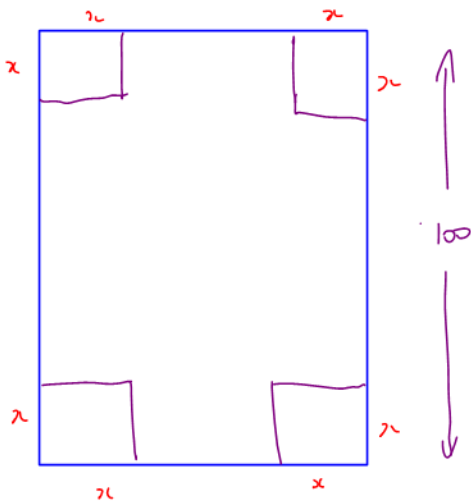


4th Check - § 3.3

4. A rectangular piece of cardboard, 100 cm by 40 cm, is going to be used to make a rectangular box with an open top by cutting congruent squares from the corners. Calculate the dimensions (to one decimal place) for a box with the largest volume.

Pictures



$$V(x) = x(40 - 2x)(100 - 2x)$$

$$V(x) = 4x^3 - 280x^2 + 4000x$$

$$\therefore V'(x) = 12x^2 - 560x + 4000$$

$$\text{C.V.} \Rightarrow V'(x) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 12x^2 - 560x + 4000 = 0$$

$$\div 4 \quad 3x^2 - 140x + 1000 = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{by Q.F.} \quad x &= \frac{140 \pm \sqrt{(-140)^2 - 4(3)(1000)}}{6} \\ &= \frac{140 \pm 87.2}{6} \end{aligned}$$

$$x = 37.8 \quad \text{or} \quad x = 8.8$$

inadmissible

Test $x = 0, 8.8, 20$ in V (but $V(0) = 0, V(20) = 0$)

$$V(8.8) = 16,242.7 \text{ cm}^3 \text{ which is the max}$$

$\therefore$ The dimensions which maximize the volume are

$$h = 8.8 \text{ cm}, \quad w = 40 - 2(8.8) = 22.4 \text{ cm}, \quad l = 100 - 2(8.8) = 82.4 \text{ cm}.$$

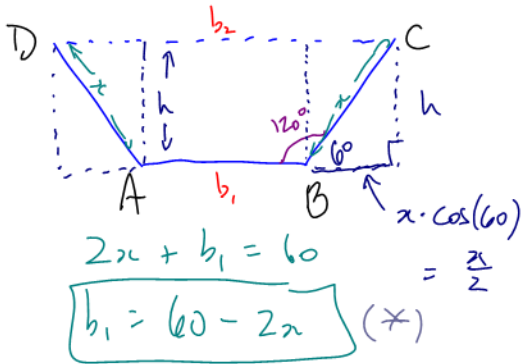
13. a. An isosceles trapezoidal drainage gutter is to be made so that the angles at A and B in the cross-section ABCD are each 120° . If the 5 m long sheet of metal that has to be bent to form the open-topped gutter and the width of the sheet of metal is 60 cm, then determine the dimensions so that the cross-sectional area will be a maximum.



$$0 \leq x \leq 30$$

- b. Calculate the maximum volume of water that can be held by this gutter.

Picture



$$A = \frac{1}{2} (b_1 + b_2) h$$

need a single variable!

$$\begin{aligned} A &= \frac{1}{2} (60 - 2x + 60 - x) \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} x \right) \\ &= \frac{1}{2} (120 - 3x) \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} x \right) \\ &= 30\sqrt{3} x - \frac{3\sqrt{3}}{4} x^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$A'(x) = 30\sqrt{3} - \frac{3\sqrt{3}}{2} x$$

set to zero for C.V.

$$\rightarrow 30\sqrt{3} - \frac{3\sqrt{3}}{2} x = 0$$

$$\div 3\sqrt{3}$$

$$10 - \frac{1}{2} x = 0$$

$$\therefore x = 20$$

$$\sin(60^\circ) = \frac{h}{x}$$

$$\Rightarrow h = x \cdot \sin(60^\circ)$$

$$h = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} x \quad (**)$$

$$b_2 = b_1 + 2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)$$

$$= b_1 + x$$

$$= (60 - 2x) + x$$

$$b_2 = 60 - x \quad (***)$$

Subbing into A

Test $x = 0, 20, 30$

$$A(0) = 0$$

$$A(20) = 519.6 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$A(30) = 259.8 \text{ cm}^2$$

$\therefore$ The dimensions are $b_1 = 60 - 2(20) = 20 \text{ cm}$, $b_2 = 60 - 20 = 40 \text{ cm}$

$$h = \frac{\sqrt{3}(20)}{2} = 10\sqrt{3} \text{ cm}$$

to maximize area

$$b) \quad V = (\text{cross sectional area})(\text{length})$$

$$= (519.6 \text{ cm}^2)(500 \text{ cm})$$

units must agree!

$$= 259,800 \text{ cm}^3$$

$$= (0.259 \text{ m}^3)$$