

5.6 The Derivatives of Logarithms

These problems are taken from the Nelson Text: Pg. 575

3. Determine the derivative for each of the following:

a. $y = \ln(5x + 8)$

b. $y = \ln(x^2 + 1)$

c. $s = 5 \ln t^3$

4. Differentiate each of the following:

d. $g(z) = \ln(e^{-z} + ze^{-z})$

e. $s = \frac{e^t}{\ln t}$

f. $h(u) = e^{\sqrt{u}} \ln \sqrt{u}$

5. a. If $g(x) = e^{2x-1} \ln(2x - 1)$, evaluate $g'(1)$.

b. If $f(t) = \ln\left(\frac{t-1}{3t+5}\right)$, evaluate $f'(5)$.

c. Check your calculations for parts a. and b. using either a calculator or a computer.

6. For each of the following functions, solve the equation $f'(x) = 0$:

a. $f(x) = \ln(x^2 + 1)$

b. $f(x) = (\ln x + 2x)^{\frac{1}{3}}$

c. $f(x) = (x^2 + 1)^{-1} \ln(x^2 + 1)$

10. Determine the equation of the tangent to the curve defined by $y = \ln(1 + e^{-x})$ at the point where $x = 0$.

(over)

Answers to Selected Problems

- 3.** a. $\frac{5}{5x+8}$
 b. $\frac{2x}{x^2+1}$
 c. $\frac{15}{t}$
- 4.** d. $\frac{-ze^{-z}}{e^{-z}+ze^{-z}}$
 e. $\frac{te^t \ln t - e^t}{t(\ln t)^2}$
 f. $\frac{1}{2}e^{\sqrt{u}}\left(\frac{1}{2}e^{\sqrt{u}}\ln u + \frac{1}{u}\right)$
- 5.** a. $2e$
 b. 0.1
- 6.** a. $x = 0$
 b. no solution
 c. $x = 0, \pm\sqrt{e-1}$
- 10.** $y = -\frac{1}{2}x + \ln 2$