

8.4 Vector and Parametric Equations of Planes

These problems taken from the Nelson Text: Pg. 459 – 460

3. A plane has $x = 2m$, $y = -3m + 5n$, $z = -1 - 3m - 2n$, $m, n \in \mathbf{R}$, as its parametric equations.
 - a. By inspection, identify the coordinates of a point that is on this plane.
 - b. What are the direction vectors for this plane?
 - c. What point corresponds to the parameter values of $m = -1$ and $n = -4$?
 - d. What are the parametric values corresponding to the point $A(0, 15, -7)$?
 - e. Using your answer for part d., explain why the point $B(0, 15, -8)$ cannot be on this plane.
4. A plane passes through the points $P(-2, 3, 1)$, $Q(-2, 3, 2)$, and $R(1, 0, 1)$.
 - a. Using \overrightarrow{PQ} and \overrightarrow{PR} as direction vectors, write a vector equation for this plane.
 - b. Using \overrightarrow{QR} and one other direction vector, write a second vector equation for this plane.
6. Determine vector equations and the corresponding parametric equations of each plane.
 - a. the plane with direction vectors $\vec{a} = (4, 1, 0)$ and $\vec{b} = (3, 4, -1)$, passing through the point $A(-1, 2, 7)$
 - b. the plane passing through the points $A(1, 0, 0)$, $B(0, 1, 0)$, and $C(0, 0, 1)$
 - c. the plane passing through points $A(1, 1, 0)$ and $B(4, 5, -6)$, with direction vector $\vec{a} = (7, 1, 2)$
7. a. Determine parameters corresponding to the point $P(5, 3, 2)$, where P is a point on the plane with equation

$$\pi: \vec{r} = (2, 0, 1) + s(4, 2, -1) + t(-1, 1, 2), s, t \in \mathbf{R}.$$
 b. Show that the point $A(0, 5, -4)$ does not lie on π .

9. Determine the coordinates of the point where the plane with equation $\vec{r} = (4, 1, 6) + s(11, -1, 3) + t(-7, 2, -2), s, t \in \mathbf{R}$, crosses the z -axis.
10. Determine the equation of the plane that contains the point $P(-1, 2, 1)$ and the line $\vec{r} = (2, 1, 3) + s(4, 1, 5), s \in \mathbf{R}$.
11. Determine the equation of the plane that contains the point $A(-2, 2, 3)$ and the line $\vec{r} = m(2, -1, 7), m \in \mathbf{R}$.

Answers

3. a. $(0, 0, -1)$
 b. $(2, -3, -3)$ and $(0, 5, -2)$
 c. $(-2, -17, 10)$
 d. $m = 0$ and $n = 3$
 e. For the point $B(0, 15, -8)$, the first two parametric equations are the same, yielding $m = 0$ and $n = 3$; however, the third equation would then give:
 $-8 = -1 - 3m - 2n$
 $-8 = -1 - 3(0) - 2(3)$
 $-8 = -7$
 which is not true. So, there can be no solution.
9. $(0, 0, 5)$
10. $\vec{r} = (2, 1, 3) + s(4, 1, 5) + t(3, -1, 2), t, s \in \mathbf{R}$
11. $\vec{r} = m(2, -1, 7) + n(-2, 2, 3), m, n \in \mathbf{R}$
4. a. $\vec{r} = (-2, 3, 1) + t(0, 0, 1) + s(3, -3, 0), t, s \in \mathbf{R}$
 b. $\vec{r} = (-2, 3, -2) + t(0, 0, 1) + s(3, -3, -1), t, s \in \mathbf{R}$
6. a. $\vec{r} = (-1, 2, 7) + t(4, 1, 0) + s(3, 4, -1), t, s \in \mathbf{R};$
 $x = -1 + 4t + 3s,$
 $y = 2 + t + 4s,$
 $z = 7 - s, t, s \in \mathbf{R}$
 b. $\vec{r} = (1, 0, 0) + t(-1, 1, 0) + s(-1, 0, 1), t, s \in \mathbf{R};$
 $x = 1 - t - s,$
 $y = t,$
 $z = s, t, s \in \mathbf{R}$
 c. $\vec{r} = (1, 1, 0) + t(3, 4, -6) + s(7, 1, 2), t, s \in \mathbf{R};$
 $x = 1 + 3t + 7s,$
 $y = 1 + 4t + s,$
 $z = -6t + 2s, t, s \in \mathbf{R}$
7. a. $s = 1$ and $t = 1$
 b. $(0, 5, -4) = (2, 0, 1) + s(4, 2, -1) + t(-1, 1, 2)$ gives the following parametric equations:
 $0 = 2 + 4s + t \Rightarrow t = -2 - 4s$
 $5 = 2s + t$
 $5 = 2s + (-2 - 4s)$
 $3 = -2s$
 $\frac{3}{-2} = s$
 $t = -2 - 4\left(\frac{3}{-2}\right)$
 $t = -2 + 6 = 4$
 The third equation then says:
 $-4 = 1 - s + 2t$
 $-4 = 1 - \frac{3}{-2} + 2(4)$
 $-4 = \frac{17}{2},$ which is a false statement. So, the point $A(0, 5, -4)$ is not on the plane.