

Hwk pg 177

#9 $12x^3 + kx^2 - x - 6$ has $(2x-1)$ as a factor
find k .

Let $f(x) = 12x^3 + kx^2 - x - 6$

$\therefore (2x-1)$ is a factor of $f(x)$

$$\Rightarrow f\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 12\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^3 + k\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^2 - \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) - 6 = 0$$

$$\frac{12}{8} + \frac{k}{4} - \frac{1}{2} - 6 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{6}{4} + \frac{k}{4} - \frac{2}{4} - \frac{24}{4} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{k = 20}$$

2.6 Factoring Sums and Differences of Cubes

Knowing how to factor a sum or difference of cubes is a simple matter of remembering patterns.

Example 2.6.1 (Recalling the pattern for factoring a Difference of Squares)

Factor $4x^2 - 25$

$$= (\text{root}_1 - \text{root}_2)(\text{root}_1 + \text{root}_2)$$

Note: Sums of Squares
DO NOT factor!!

Differences of Cubes

Pattern

$$(cube_1 - cube_2) = (cuberoot_1 - cuberoot_2)(cuberoot_1^2 + cuberoot_1 \times cuberoot_2 + cuberoot_2^2)$$

TWO POSITIVES and ONE NEGATIVE

Sums of Cubes (These DO factor!!)

Pattern

$$(cube_1 + cube_2) = (cuberoot_1 + cuberoot_2)(cuberoot_1^2 - cuberoot_1 \times cuberoot_2 + cuberoot_2^2)$$

Example 2.6.2

$$\text{Factor } x^3 - 8 = (x - 2)(x^2 + 2x + 4)$$

will not factor
 factor
 factor

Example 2.6.3

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Factor } 27x^3 + 125y^3 &= (3x + 5y)((3x)^2 - (3x)(5y) + (5y)^2) \\ &= (3x + 5y)(9x^2 - 15xy + 25y^2) \end{aligned}$$

Example 2.6.4

$$\text{Factor } 1 - 64z^3 = (1 - 4z)(1 + 4z + 16z^2)$$

Example 2.6.5

$$\text{Factor } 1000x^3 + 27 = (10x + 3)(100x^2 - 30x + 9)$$

Example 2.6.6

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Factor } x^6 - 729 &= (x^2 - 9)(x^4 + 9x^2 + 81) \\ &= (x - 3)(x + 3)(x^4 + 9x^2 + 81) \end{aligned}$$

Class/Homework for Section 2.6

Pg 182 #2aei, 3, 4

If you finish early, begin the review

Pgs. 184 – 185 (skip #8, 9)