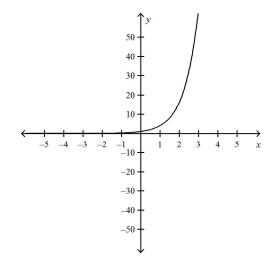


Name:

# **Advanced Functions: Chapter 7: Practice Problems - Exponential and Logarithmic Functions**

Here are some practice problems! Some of these are easy, some aren't. Ask for help, read your notes and your textbook, use your mind.

- 1. State the domain and range of the transformed function  $f(x)=6\log_{10}(-2(x-5))$ .
- 2. Use the graph of  $f(x)=4^x$  to estimate the value of  $\log_4 27$ . Demonstrate you thinking by drawing appropriate lines on the graph.



- 3. Evaluate  $\log_5 625 + \log_2 32$ .
- 4. Evaluate  $\log_4 \sqrt[5]{64}$ .
- 5. State the laws of logarithms you would use to rewrite  $\log(\sqrt[4]{5x})$  as  $\frac{1}{4}(\log 5 + \log x)$ .
- 6. Simplify  $\log_2 160 \log_2 5$ .
- 7. Write  $1 + \log_2 x^3$  as a single logarithm.
- 8. If  $\log_b x = 0.8$ , find the value of  $\log_b (b \cdot \sqrt[4]{x})$ .
- 9. Use the laws of logarithms to express  $\log_b(\sqrt{x^3yz^6})$  in terms of  $\log_b x$ ,  $\log_b y$ , and  $\log_b z$ .
- 10. Solve  $\log_2 x \log_2 6 = \log_2 5 + 2 \log_2 3$  for x.
- 11. If you invested money into an account that pays 9%/a compounded weekly, how many years would it take for your deposit to double?
- 12. Determine the points of intersection for the graphs of  $y=2(3^x)$  and  $y=6(2^x)$ . Round your answer to one decimal place.

- 13. Solve  $10^{x+2} 10^x = 9900$  for *x*.
- 14. A bacteria culture doubles every 20 minutes. How many hours will it take a culture of 60 bacteria to grow to a population of 8400?
- 15. Solve  $\log_8(\log_5 x) = 0$ .
- 16. Solve  $x = \log_3 75.8$  for x. Round your answer to two decimal places.
- 17. Solve  $\log(x+3) + \log(x-2) = \log(3x+2)$ .
- 18. What are the restrictions on the variable in the equation  $log(3x-5) log(x-2) = log(x^2-5)$ ? Solve the equation (note remember how much you loved using the Factor Theorem? You're welcome!)
- 19. What is the pH of a solution with a hydrogen ion concentration of  $3.7 \times 10^{-3}$  mol/L?
- 20. The population of a town is increasing at a rate of 6.2% per year. The city council believes they will have to add another elementary school when the population reaches 100 000. If there are currently 76 000 people living in the town, how long do they have before the new school will be needed?
- 21. How long will it take a \$3000 investment to grow to \$5000 if it is invested at 8.5%/a compounded annually?
- 22. The half-life of radium is 1620 years. If a laboratory has 12 grams of radium, how long will it take before it has 8 grams of radium left?
- 23. Write  $\frac{1}{3}\log_a x + \frac{1}{2}\log_a 2y \frac{1}{6}\log_a 4z$  as a single logarithm. Assume that all variables represent positive numbers.
- 24. Solve  $5^{x-2} = 4^{2x+3}$  for *x*.

## **Advanced Functions: Chapter 7: Practice Problems - Exponential and Logarithmic Functions Answer Section**

#### SHORT ANSWER

```
1. ANS:
   Domain: {x \in \mathbf{R} \mid x < 5}
   Range: \{x \in \mathbf{R}\}
   PTS: 1
                        REF: Application
                                             OBJ: 8.2 - Transformations of Logarithmic Functions
2. ANS:
   2.4
   PTS: 1
                        REF: Communication
                                                                   OBJ: 8.3 - Evaluating Logarithms
3. ANS:
    9
   PTS: 1
                        REF: Knowledge and Understanding
                                                                  OBJ: 8.3 - Evaluating Logarithms
4. ANS:
    \frac{3}{5}
   PTS: 1
                        REF: Knowledge and Understanding
                                                                  OBJ: 8.3 - Evaluating Logarithms
5. ANS:
   First the power law of logarithms, then the product law of logarithms.
   PTS: 1
                        REF: Communication
                                                                   OBJ: 8.4 - Laws of Logarithms
6. ANS:
   5
   PTS: 1
                        REF: Knowledge and Understanding
                                                                  OBJ: 8.4 - Laws of Logarithms
7. ANS:
   \log_2 2x^3
   PTS: 1
                        REF: Thinking
                                              OBJ: 8.4 - Laws of Logarithms
8. ANS:
    1.2
   PTS: 1
                        REF: Application
                                             OBJ: 8.4 - Laws of Logarithms
9. ANS:
   \frac{3}{2}\log_b x + \frac{1}{2}\log_b y + 3\log_b z
                        REF: Knowledge and Understanding
   PTS: 1
                                                                  OBJ: 8.4 - Laws of Logarithms
```

10.	ANS: 270	
11.	PTS: 1 REF ANS: 7.7 years	: Application OBJ: 8.4 - Laws of Logarithms
12.	PTS: 1 REF ANS: (2.7, 39.2)	: Application OBJ: 8.5 - Solving Exponential Equations
13.	PTS: 1 REF ANS: 2	: Thinking OBJ: 8.5 - Solving Exponential Equations
14.	PTS: 1 REF ANS: 2.4 hours	: Knowledge and Understanding OBJ: 8.5 - Solving Exponential Equations
15.	PTS: 1 REF ANS: 5	: Application OBJ: 8.5 - Solving Exponential Equations
16.	PTS: 1 REF ANS: 3.94	: Thinking OBJ: 8.6 - Solving Logarithmic Equations
17.	PTS: 1 REF ANS: 4	: Knowledge and Understanding OBJ: 8.5 - Solving Exponential Equations
18.	PTS: 1 REF ANS: $x \ge \sqrt{5}$	: Thinking OBJ: 8.6 - Solving Logarithmic Equations
19.	PTS: 1 REF ANS: 2.43	: Knowledge and Understanding OBJ: 8.6 - Solving Logarithmic Equations
20.	OBJ: 8.7 - Solving Proble	: Knowledge and Understanding rms with Exponential and Logarithmic Functions
		: Application ms with Exponential and Logarithmic Functions

21. ANS:

6.3 years

PTS: 1 REF: Knowledge and Understanding

OBJ: 8.7 - Solving Problems with Exponential and Logarithmic Functions

## PROBLEM

22. ANS:

The equation for relating the amount of radium, r, in grams and the amount of time, t, in years is

$$r = 12 \times \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{(t+1620)}$$

Substituting 8 in for *r* gives  $8 = 12 \times (\frac{1}{2})^{(t+1620)}$ 

.

$$\frac{2}{3} = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{(t \div 1620)}$$

Using guess and check gives  $\frac{t}{1620} = 0.59$ 

t=956 years

PTS: 1 REF: Application OBJ: 8.3 - Evaluating Logarithms 23. ANS:

$$\frac{1}{3}\log_{a} x + \frac{1}{2}\log_{a} 2y - \frac{1}{6}\log_{a} 4z$$
  
=  $\log_{a} \sqrt[3]{x} + \log_{a} \sqrt{2y} - \log_{a} \sqrt[6]{4z}$   
=  $\log_{a} \frac{\sqrt[3]{x} \sqrt{2y}}{\sqrt[6]{4z}}$ 

PTS: 1 REF: Knowledge and Understanding OBJ: 8.4

## OBJ: 8.4 - Laws of Logarithms

24. ANS:

 $5^{x-2} = 4^{2x+3}$   $\log 5^{x-2} = \log 4^{2x+3}$   $(x-2) \log 5 = (2x+3) \log 4$   $x \log 5 - 2 \log 5 = 2x \log 4 + 3 \log 4$   $x \log 5 - 2x \log 4 = 2 \log 5 + 3 \log 4$   $x(\log 5 - 2 \log 4) = 2 \log 5 + 3 \log 4$   $x = \frac{2 \log 5 + 3 \log 4}{\log 5 - 2 \log 4}$ x = -6.34

PTS: 1 REF: Knowledge and Understanding OBJ: 8.5 - Solving Exponential Equations