

# Unit 3 - Equations

Solving Equations with Brackets  
Section 7.5  
Pg. 356-358

Remember BEDMAS—Brackets (i.e. multiply them out) First! Equations with Brackets, Variable on both Sides, Variable and Brackets on Both Sides  
Classwork p. 358: 2, 5, 7, 11, 14, 15, 17, 20, 24, 25, 27, 30, 32  
Homework p. 358: 4, 8, 10, 12, 13, 16, 19, 21, 23, 26, 28, 29, 31, 33, 34

- Notes:**
- SAMDEB still matters — for brackets we need the distributive property
  - inverse operations occur from one side of equation to the other
- Classwork - Pg: 358
- "Green is the best number" - Abe Martin.

Solve.

Distributive

$$\text{2. } 2(x-3) = 2$$

$$2x - 6 = 2$$

$$2x - 6 + 6 = 2 + 6$$

$$\frac{2x}{2} = \frac{8}{2}$$

$$x = 4$$

Solve and check.

Check

$$7. \quad 2(3x+4) = 14$$

$$6x + 8 = 14$$

$$6x = 14 - 8$$

$$6x = 6$$

$$x = \frac{6}{6}$$

$$x = 1$$

LHS

$$2(3x+4)$$

$$2(3(1)+4)$$

$$= 2(7)$$

$$= 14$$

RHS

$$14$$

= LHS

$$11. \quad -24 = 4(x+3)$$

$$\Rightarrow 4(x+3) = -24$$

$$x+3 = \frac{-24}{4}$$

$$x+3 = -6$$

$$x = -6 - 3$$

$$x = -9$$

Check

$$\begin{cases} \text{LHS} \\ -24 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} \text{RHS} \\ 4(x+3) \\ 4(-9+3) \\ = 4(-6) \\ = -24 \\ = \text{LHS} \end{cases}$$

Solve.

Variables on left - constants on the right

$$14. 3(x+1) + 10 = 8 - 2x$$

$$3x + 3 + 10 = 8 - 2x$$

$$3x + 13 = 8 - 2x$$

$$3x + 2x = 8 - 13$$

$$5x = -5$$

$$x = \frac{-5}{5} = -1$$

$$17. 5(2x-3) = 2(x-2) + 5$$

$$10x - 15 = 2x - 4 + 5$$

$$10x - 15 = 2x + 1$$

$$10x - 2x = 1 + 15$$

$$8x = 16$$

$$\frac{8x}{8} = \frac{16}{8}$$

$$x = 2$$

$$24. 4(m-2) - (m+3) = m - 1$$

$$4m - 8 - m - 3 = m - 1$$

$$3m - 11 = m - 1$$

$$3m - m = -1 + 11$$

$$2m = 10$$

$$m = \frac{10}{2} \\ = 5$$

$$15. 8 - 3x = 4(x-3) + 6$$

$$8 - 3x = 4x - 12 + 6$$

$$8 - 3x = 4x - 6$$

$$-3x - 4x = -6 - 8$$

$$-7x = -14$$

$$x = \frac{-14}{-7} = 2$$

$$20. 4(n+7) = -44 + 2(n+6)$$

$$4n + 28 = -44 + 2n + 12$$

$$4n + 28 = -32 + 2n$$

$$4n - 2n = -32 - 28$$

$$2n = -60$$

$$n = \frac{-60}{2} \\ = -30$$

$$25. 4(n-7) - 2(n+3) = -15n$$

$$4n - 28 - 2n - 6 = -15n$$

$$2n - 34 = -15n$$

$$2n + 15n = 34$$

$$17n = 34$$

$$n = \frac{34}{17}$$

$$n = 2$$

collected  
like  
terms

$$27. 3(2x+1) - (x-2) = 2(x+4)$$

$$6x + 3 - x + 2 = 2x + 8$$

$$5x - 2x = 8 - 5$$

$$3x = 3$$

$$x = 1$$

$$30. 7(x-1) - 2(x-6) = 2(x-5) + 6$$

$$7x - 7 - 2x + 12 = 2x - 10 + 6$$

$$5x + 5 = 2x - 4$$

$$5x - 2x = -4 - 5$$

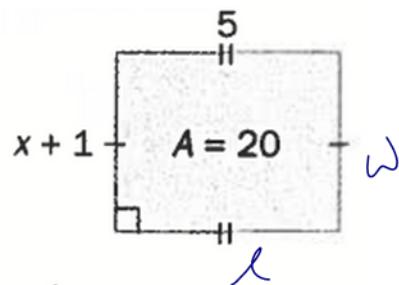
$$3x = -9$$

$$x = \frac{-9}{3} = -3$$

**32. Measurement** The equation  $5(x+1) = 20$  represents the area of the rectangle.

a) Solve the equation.

b) Find the width of the rectangle.



$$5(x+1) = 20$$

$$5x + 5 = 20$$

$$5x = 15$$

$$x = 3$$

$$\text{b) } w = x + 1$$

$$= 3 + 1$$

$$= 4 \text{ units}$$