Review Exercise

- 1. Describe the process of finding a derivative using the definition of f'(x).
- 2. Use the definition of the derivative to find f'(x) for each of the following functions:

a.
$$y = 2x^2 - 5x$$
 b. $y = \sqrt{x - 6}$ c. $y = \frac{x}{4 - x}$

3. Differentiate each of the following functions:

a.
$$y = x^2 - 5x + 4$$
 c. $y = \frac{7}{3x^4}$ e. $y = \frac{3}{(3 - x^2)^2}$
b. $f(x) = x^{\frac{3}{4}}$ d. $y = \frac{1}{x^2 + 5}$ f. $y = \sqrt{7x^2 + 4x + 1}$

4. Determine the derivative of the given function. In some cases, it will save time if you rearrange the function before differentiating.

a.
$$f(x) = \frac{2x^3 - 1}{x^2}$$

b. $g(x) = \sqrt{x}(x^3 - x)$
c. $y = \frac{x}{3x - 5}$
d. $y = \sqrt{x - 1}(x + 1)$
e. $f(x) = (\sqrt{x} + 2)^{-\frac{2}{3}}$
f. $y = \frac{x^2 + 5x + 4}{x + 4}$

5. Determine the derivative, and give your answer in a simplified form.

a.
$$y = x^4(2x - 5)^6$$

b. $y = x\sqrt{x^2 + 1}$
c. $y = \frac{(2x - 5)^4}{(x + 1)^3}$
d. $y = \left(\frac{10x - 1}{3x + 5}\right)^6$
e. $y = (x - 2)^3(x^2 + 9)^4$
f. $y = (1 - x^2)^3(6 + 2x)^{-3}$

6. If *f* is a differentiable function, find an expression for the derivative of each of the following functions:

a.
$$g(x) = f(x^2)$$

b. $h(x) = 2xf(x)$

- 7. a. If $y = 5u^2 + 3u 1$ and $u = \frac{18}{x^2 + 5}$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ when x = 2.
 - b. If $y = \frac{u+4}{u-4}$ and $u = \frac{\sqrt{x}+x}{10}$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ when x = 4.

c. If
$$y = f(\sqrt{x^2 + 9})$$
 and $f'(5) = -2$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ when $x = 4$.

8. Determine the slope of the tangent at point (1, 4) on the graph of $f(x) = (9 - x^2)^{\frac{2}{3}}$.

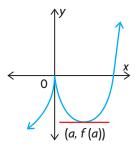
- 9. For what values of x does the curve $y = -x^3 + 6x^2$ have a slope of -12? For what values of x does the curve $y = -x^3 + 6x^2$ have a slope of -15? Use a graphing calculator to graph the function and confirm your results.
- 10. a. Determine the values of x where the graph of each function has a horizontal tangent.

i.
$$y = (x^2 - 4)^5$$
 ii. $y = (x^3 - x)^2$

- b. Use a graphing calculator to graph each function and its tangent at the values you found from part a. to confirm your result.
- 11. Determine the equation of the tangent to each function at the given point.

a.
$$y = (x^2 + 5x + 2)^4$$
, (0, 16) b. $y = (3x^{-2} - 2x^3)^5$, (1, 1)

- 12. A tangent to the parabola $y = 3x^2 7x + 5$ is perpendicular to x + 5y 10 = 0. Determine the equation of the tangent.
- 13. The line y = 8x + b is tangent to the curve $y = 2x^2$. Determine the point of tangency and the value of *b*.
- 14. a. Using a graphing calculator, graph the function $f(x) = \frac{x^3}{x^2 6}$.
 - b. Using the draw function or an equivalent function on your calculator or graphing software, find the equations of the tangents where the slope is zero.
 - c. Setting f'(x) = 0, find the coordinates of the points where the slope is zero.
 - d. Determine the slope of the tangent to the graph at (2, -4). Use the graph to verify that your answer is reasonable.
- 15. Consider the function $f(x) = 2x^{\frac{5}{3}} 5x^{\frac{2}{3}}$.
 - a. Determine the slope of the tangent at the point where the graph crosses the *x*-axis.
 - b. Determine the value of *a* shown in the graph of f(x) given below.



- 16. A rested student is able to memorize *M* words after *t* minutes, where $M = 0.1t^2 0.001t^3, 0 \le t \le \frac{200}{3}$.
 - a. How many words are memorized in the first 10 min? How many words are memorized in the first 15 min?
 - b. What is the memory rate at t = 10? What is the memory rate at t = 15?

- 17. A grocery store determines that, after *t* hours on the job, a new cashier can scan $N(t) = 20 \frac{30}{\sqrt{9+t^2}}$ items per minute.
 - a. Find N'(t), the rate at which the cashier's productivity is changing.
 - b. According to this model, does the cashier ever stop improving? Why?
- 18. An athletic-equipment supplier experiences weekly costs of

 $C(x) = \frac{1}{3}x^3 + 40x + 700$ in producing x baseball gloves per week.

- a. Find the marginal cost, C'(x).
- b. Find the production level x at which the marginal cost is \$76 per glove.
- 19. A manufacturer of kitchen appliances experiences revenue of
 - $R(x) = 750x \frac{x^2}{6} \frac{2}{3}x^3$ dollars from the sale of x refrigerators per month. a. Find the marginal revenue, R'(x).
 - b. Find the marginal revenue when 10 refrigerators per month are sold.
- 20. An economist has found that the demand function for a particular new product is given by $D(p) = \frac{20}{\sqrt{p-1}}$, p > 1. Find the slope of the demand curve at the point (5, 10).
- 21. Kathy has diabetes. Her blood sugar level, *B*, one hour after an insulin injection, depends on the amount of insulin, *x*, in milligrams injected.

$$B(x) = -0.2x^2 + 500, 0 \le x \le 40$$

- a. Find B(0) and B(30).
- b. Find B'(0) and B'(30).
- c. Interpret your results.
- d. Consider the values of B'(50) and B(50). Comment on the significance of these values. Why are restrictions given for the original function?
- 22. Determine which functions are differentiable at x = 1. Give reasons for your choices.

a.
$$f(x) = \frac{3x}{1 - x^2}$$

b. $g(x) = \frac{x - 1}{x^2 + 5x - 6}$
c. $h(x) = \sqrt[3]{(x - 2)^2}$
d. $m(x) = |3x - 3| - 1$

23. At what *x*-values is each function *not* differentiable? Explain.

a.
$$f(x) = \frac{3}{4x^2 - x}$$
 b. $f(x) = \frac{x^2 - x - 6}{x^2 - 9}$ c. $f(x) = \sqrt{x^2 - 7x + 6}$

- 24. At a manufacturing plant, productivity is measured by the number of items, p, produced per employee per day over the previous 10 years. Productivity is modelled by $p(t) = \frac{25t}{t+1}$, where t is the number of years measured from 10 years ago. Determine the rate of change of p with respect to t.
- 25. Choose a simple polynomial function in the form f(x) = ax + b. Use the quotient rule to find the derivative of the reciprocal function $\frac{1}{ax + b}$. Repeat for other polynomial functions, and devise a rule for finding the derivative of $\frac{1}{f(x)}$. Confirm your rule using first principles.

26. Given $f(x) = \frac{(2x-3)^2 + 5}{2x-3}$,

- a. Express f as the composition of two simpler functions.
- b. Use this composition to determine f'(x).
- 27. Given $g(x) = \sqrt{2x 3} + 5(2x 3)$,
 - a. Express g as the composition of two simpler functions.
 - b. Use this composition to determine g'(x).

28. Determine the derivative of each function.
a.
$$f(x) = (2x - 5)^3 (3x^2 + 4)^5$$
 e. $y = \frac{(2x^2 - 5)^3}{(x + 8)^2}$
b. $g(x) = (8x^3)(4x^2 + 2x - 3)^5$ f. $f(x) = \frac{-3x^4}{\sqrt{4x - 8}}$
c. $y = (5 + x)^2 (4 - 7x^3)^6$ g. $g(x) = \left(\frac{2x + 5}{6 - x^2}\right)^4$
d. $h(x) = \frac{6x - 1}{(3x + 5)^4}$ h. $y = \left[\frac{1}{(4x + x^2)^3}\right]^3$

- 29. Find numbers *a*, *b*, and *c* so that the graph of $f(x) = ax^2 + bx + c$ has *x*-intercepts at (0, 0) and (8, 0), and a tangent with slope 16 where x = 2.
- 30. An ant colony was treated with an insecticide and the number of survivors, A, in hundreds at t hours is $A(t) = -t^3 + 5t + 750$.
 - a. Find A'(t).
 - b. Find the rate of change of the number of living ants in the colony at 5 h.
 - c. How many ants were in the colony before it was treated with the insecticide?
 - d. How many hours after the insecticide was applied were no ants remaining in the colony?